

Scandinavian Tobacco Group A/S

Statutory Report on Corporate Governance for the Financial Year 2023, cf. section 107b of the Danish Financial Statement Act

# Statutory report on corporate governance, cf. section 107 b of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

This report constitutes a part of the management commentary on Scandinavian Tobacco Group A/S' annual report concerning the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023. The report contains a description of the management structure (section A), the status on the recommendations for corporate governance (section B) and a description of the main elements of Scandinavian Tobacco Group's internal control and risk management systems used in the financial reporting process (section C). The report is not covered by the auditor's report prepared in connection with the Annual Report 2023.

# A. Management Structure

Scandinavian Tobacco Group A/S has a two-tier management structure consisting of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management. The Board of Directors is responsible for the overall strategic direction of the Group and supervises the activities, management and organisation of the Company. The Executive Management is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group. The two bodies are independent of each other, and no one serves as a member of both the Board of Directors and the Management. The Board of Directors appoints the CEO and other members of the Executive Management.

## **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors oversees that the Executive Management performs its duties in an appropriate manner and in accordance with the directions of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors' primary responsibilities also include ensuring that the Group has an appropriate organisational structure, efficient business processes, including accounting processes and practices, and a sound capital structure and liquidity. The Board of Directors also oversees the financial development of the Company, as well as the financial planning and reporting systems.

The Board of Directors currently consists of nine members, six elected by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and three elected by the employees. All members of the Board of Directors have the same rights and obligations. The members elected by the Annual General Meeting are elected for one year, while employee representatives are elected for four years. The last election of employee representatives to the Board was held in 2023. Only persons under the age of 70 at the time of the election may be elected by the General Meeting. All but one of the shareholder-elected members of the Board of Directors are considered to be independent, while none of the employee representatives is considered to be independent within the meaning of the Danish Recommendations on Corporate Governance. An overview of the members of the Board of Directors is available at the Company's website.

The Board of Directors elects its chairman. The chairman represents the Board of Directors towards the Company's shareholders and the public in all matters of an extraordinary nature or that do not relate to day-to-day operations. The chairman also chairs the meetings of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has not elected a vice-chairman.

In 2023, the Board of Directors held seven board meetings and one strategy meeting, and the attendance rate was 100%.

The Board of Directors evaluates its performance annually including its composition, individual preparation for and contributions to the meetings, cooperation between the Board of Directors and the Executive Management, the leadership of the chairman, the structure and work of the committees and the organisation of the work and quality of the material provided to the Board. In 2023, the Board evaluation was carried out by the chairman of the Board of Directors in the form of conversations with each member of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management. The overall conclusion of the evaluation was that the Board of Directors and the cooperation with the Executive Management are functioning well, and there is a broad alignment on which most important business-related and strategic topics the Board of Directors and the Executive Management must focus on.

### **Board committees**

The Board of Directors has established three committees: An Audit Committee, a Nomination Committee and a Remuneration Committee. All committees report to the Board of Directors and have Rules of Procedure adopted by the Board of Directors. The chairman of the Board of Directors also serves as chairman of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. The Audit Committee elects its chairman.

### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee's responsibilities include the review, evaluation and oversight of the Company's financial and sustainability reporting, the audit process and the internal control and risk management systems. The Audit Committee also assesses the independence of the external auditor, oversees the work of the external auditor and assesses the need for an internal audit function. The CFO and the external auditor attend the meetings of the Audit Committee, and the CEO may participate in meetings of the Audit Committee at the request of the Audit Committee. The current members of the Audit Committee are: Marlene Forsell (Chairman), Dianne Blixt and Anders Obel. All members of the Audit Committee are considered independent and have relevant financial expertise. The Audit Committee held six meetings during the year, and the attendance rate was 100%.

The main activities in 2023 were

- Review of the annual report and the quarterly financial statements
- Review of the key accounting principles and significant accounting estimates
- Review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal control and risk management organisation and systems
- Review of the Group's treasury, tax and insurance policies
- Assessment of financing and capital structure
- Assessment of the need for an internal audit function

- Recommendation for the selection of external auditors, including evaluation of independence and competence
- Review of the Rules of Procedure of the committee
- Status of the progress on sustainability reporting
- Status of reporting under the Group's whistleblower scheme.

The Audit Committee's Rules of Procedure can be found on the Company's website.

### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee supports the decisions of the Board of Directors with respect to the nomination of the members of the Board of Directors and the appointment of members of the Executive Management. The Nomination Committee conducts the annual evaluation of the Board of Directors, assessing the structure, size and composition of the Board of Directors as well as the qualifications, knowledge and experience of each member of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management. It shall report its assessments to the Board of Directors. The Nomination Committee currently consists of three members: Henrik Brandt (Chairman), Dianne Blixt and Claus Gregersen. All members of the Nomination Committee with the exception of Claus Gregersen qualify as being independent. In 2023, the Nomination Committee held three meetings with a 100% attendance rate.

The main activities in 2023 included:

- Assessment of the qualifications and competences required in the Board of Directors
- Evaluation of the composition of the Board of Directors
- Evaluation of the performance of the Executive Management
- Succession Planning
- Initiation of the self-evaluation of the Board of Directors and assessment of results hereof.

The Nomination Committee's Rules of Procedure can be found on the Company's website.

# **Renumeration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding the remuneration policy applicable to the Board of Directors and the Executive Management for subsequent approval by the Annual General Meeting of shareholders. The Remuneration Committee

also submits proposals for the remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management to the Board of Directors. The Remuneration Committee currently has three members: Henrik Brandt (Chairman), Dianne Blixt and Claus Gregersen. The members of the Remuneration Committee with the exception of Claus Gregersen are considered independent. In 2023, the Remuneration Committee held four meetings with a 100% attendance rate.

The main activities in 2023 were:

- Determination of the key performance indicators and targets related to the long-term and the short-term incentive programmes and assessment of actual performance
- Determination of participants under the long-term and short-term incentive programmes
- Assessment/review of the remuneration of the Executive Management and the Board of Directors
- Preparation of a proposal to amend the Articles of Association of the Company and the Remuneration Policy to include an indemnification scheme for members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management
- Annual review of the Remuneration Policy and review of the Remuneration Report.

The Remuneration Committee's Rules of Procedure can be found on the Company's website.

# **Executive Management**

The Executive Management, i.e. the formally registered management of the company, is appointed by the Board of Directors. The Executive Management consists of the CEO, Niels Frederiksen, and the CFO, Marianne Rørslev Bock. The CEO is the main spokesman for the Group in matters relating to the day-to-day operations.

The Executive Management prepares for the Board of Directors' approval and implements the overall strategy and the policies of the Group. The Executive Management has the responsibility for managing the daily operations of the Group according to the guidelines and directions given by the Board of Directors and for providing timely reporting and information to the Board of Directors and the Company's shareholders.

The day-to-day business of the company is managed by a larger group, namely the Executive Board. An overview of the members of the Executive Board is available on the Company's website.

# B. Status on compliance with the Danish Recommendations on Corporate Governance

Recommendation	The company complies	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
1. Interaction with the company's shareholders, inves	stors and other stakeholders		
1.1. Communication with the company's shareholders, investors	and other stakeholders		
<b>1.1.1. The Committee recommends</b> that the management through ongoing dialogue and interaction ensures that shareholders, investors and other stakeholders gain the relevant insight into the company's affairs, and that the board of directors obtains the possibility of hearing and including their views in its work.	STG's Executive Management engages in continuous dialogue with shareholders, investors, and other stakeholders through company announcements, meetings, investor presentations, conference calls and other activities directed at investors and analysts, including regular presentations on the Company's main activities, its strategy and ambitions throughout the year and roadshows after each financial statement.  Information from these events is reported to the Board of Directors by the Executive Management and the Head of Investor Relations.		
<b>1.1.2.</b> The Committee recommends that the company adopts policies on the company's relationships with its shareholders, investors and if relevant other stakeholders in order to ensure that the various interests are included in the company's	YES  The Board of Directors has adopted an Investor Relations Policy that lays down the main principles for the communication with investors, analysts and other		

<sup>1)</sup> If the company does not comply with a recommendation, the company must specifically explain, why the company has decided not to comply with the recommendation, and which approach the company has chosen instead.

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains</u> 1	
		why	how
considerations and that such policies are made available on the company's website.	stakeholders in the capital market and ensures that relevant, balanced and timely information is made available to the capital market and that the interests of the shareholders are taken into account. The Investor Relations Policy is reviewed annually and published on the Company's website.		
<b>1.1.3. The Committee recommends</b> that the company publishes quarterly reports.	YES  STG publishes quarterly reports. The reports are available on the Company's website.		
1.2. The general meeting			
1.2.1. The Committee recommends that the board of directors organises the company's general meeting in a manner that allows shareholders, who are unable to attend the meeting in person or are represented by proxy at the general meeting, to vote and raise questions to the management prior to or at the general meeting. The Committee recommends that the board of directors ensures that shareholders can observe the general meeting via webcast or other digital transmission.	YES  Shareholders who are unable to attend the General Meeting or who are represented at the General Meeting by proxy have the opportunity to vote and ask questions in writing prior to the General Meeting.  According to the Articles of Association, the Company's General Meetings may be held as completely electronic meetings, if the Board of Directors so decides. STG's 2023 Annual General Meeting was a physical meeting webcast via the Company's shareholder portal (without possibility to ask questions and to vote).		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
<b>1.2.2. The Committee recommends</b> that proxies and postal votes to be used at the general meeting enable the shareholders to consider each individual item on the agenda.	YES  STG provides a proxy form which allows shareholders to consider and vote on each individual item on the agenda.		
1.3. Takeover bids			
<b>1.3.1.</b> The Committee recommends that the company has a procedure in place in the event of takeover bids, containing a "road map" covering matters for the board of directors to consider in the event of a takeover bid, or if the board of directors obtains reasonable grounds to suspect that a takeover bid may be submitted. In addition, it is recommended that it appears from the procedure that the board of directors abstains from countering any takeover bids by taking actions that seek to prevent the shareholders from deciding on the takeover bid, without the approval of the general meeting.	YES  The Board of Directors has adopted guidelines that set forth a "road map" and contingency procedures in the event of a takeover bid. The guidelines prescribe that the Board of Directors will not, without the acceptance of the general meeting, attempt to counter a takeover bid by making decisions which prevent the shareholders from deciding on the bid.		
1.4. Corporate Social Responsibility			
<b>1.4.1. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors adopts a policy for the company's corporate social responsibility, including social responsibility and sustainability, and that the policy is available in the management commentary and/or on the company's website. The Committee recommends that the board of directors ensures compliance with the policy.	YES  The Board of Directors has adopted policies on corporate social responsibility that incorporates both social responsibility and sustainability, including in its Code of Conduct, and it has a sustainability strategy. The Company's Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website. The Board of Directors monitors the Company's compliance with the policies, and the Company reports on initiatives and plans in these areas in the Annual Report.		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
1.4.2. The Committee recommends that the board of directors adopts a tax policy to be made available on the company's website.	YES  The Board of Directors has adopted a Tax Policy. The Tax Policy is available on the Company's website.		
2. The duties and responsibilities of the board of direct	ctors		
2.1. Overall tasks and responsibilities			
<b>2.1.1.</b> The Committee recommends that the board of directors in support of the company's statutory objects according to its articles of association and the long-term value creation considers the company's purpose and ensures and promotes a good culture and sound values in the company. The company should provide an account thereof in the management commentary and/or on the company's website.	YES  The Board of Directors has defined and considers on an ongoing basis the Company's purpose with a view to ensuring long-term value creation in the Company. The Company has as part of its strategy defined corporate values setting the framework for a good corporate culture.  The Company gives account of its purpose, corporate culture and values in the management commentary in the Company's Annual Report and on its website.		
<b>2.1.2. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors at least once a year discusses and on a regular basis follows up on the company's overall strategic targets in order to ensure the value creation in the company.	YES  The Board of Directors discusses at least once every year the overall strategy of the Company.		
<b>2.1.3.</b> The Committee recommends that the board of directors on a continuous basis takes steps to examine whether the company's share and capital structure support the strategy and the long-term value creation in the interest of the company as	YES  The Board of Directors evaluates on a regular basis and at least once a year whether the Company's share and		

Recommendation	The company complies	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
well as the shareholders. The Committee recommends that the company gives an account thereof in the management commentary.	capital structure support the long-term value creation and accounts for this evaluation in the management's report in the Company's Annual Report.		
<b>2.1.4. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors prepares and on an annual basis reviews guidelines for the executive management, including requirements in respect of the reporting to the board of directors.	YES  The Board of Directors has adopted Rules of Procedure for the Executive Management, which contain a description of the duties and responsibilities of the Executive Management, specifying among others the procedures for the Executive Management's timely, accurate and adequate reporting to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors annually reviews and adopts the Rules of Procedure for the Executive Management.		
2.2. Members of the board of directors			
<b>2.2.1. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors, in addition to a chairperson, appoints a vice chairperson, who can step in if the chairperson is absent and who can generally act as the chairperson's close sparring partner.		The election of a vice-chairman is optional. This gives the Board the flexibility and ability to adapt to the circumstances and needs at any given time. The Board decided not to elect a vice-chairman in 2023.	Following Article 11.2 of the Company's Articles of Association the Board of Directors may decide to elect a vice-chairman.
<b>2.2.2. The Committee recommends</b> that the chairperson in cooperation with the individual members of the board of directors ensures that the members update and supplement their knowledge of relevant matters, and that the members'	YES  As part of the annual Board evaluation, the chairman discusses with each Board member how specific knowledge and skills can be updated and complemented and applied in the Board. The special		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
special knowledge and qualifications are applied in the best possible manner.	knowledge and qualifications of the respective Board members are also taken into account when considering the composition of the Board committees.		
2.2.3. The Committee recommends that if the board of directors, in exceptional cases, requests a member of the board of directors to take on special duties for the company, for instance, for a short period to take part in the daily management of the company, the board of directors should approve this in order to ensure that the board of directors maintains its independent overall management and control function. It is recommended that the company publishes any decision on allowing a member of the board of directors to take part in the daily management, including the expected duration thereof.	YES  The Company has established rules in the event that the chairman undertakes special operating activities for the Company. In this case, the Board of Directors shall adopt a resolution to ensure its independence and overall management and control function. The Rules of Procedure of the Board currently do not account for a situation where other members of the Board of Directors than the Chairman would take such role, but if such situation should occur, the Board of Directors would apply the same principles.  In 2023, neither the Chairman nor any other member of the Board of Directors performed operating activities for the Company.		
<ul><li>3. The composition, organisation and evaluation of th</li><li>3.1. Composition</li></ul>	e board of directors		
<ul> <li>3.1.1. The Committee recommends that the board of directors on an annual basis reviews and in the management commentary and/or on the company's website states</li> <li>which qualifications the board of directors should possess, collectively and individually, in order to perform its duties in the best possible manner, and</li> </ul>	YES  The Board of Directors annually accounts for the skills it must have to best perform its tasks. In its annual evaluation of the performance of its members the Board of Directors carries out an assessment of the competencies of its members, both individually and collectively in order to ensure that all members of the		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
<ul> <li>the composition of and diversity on the board of directors.</li> </ul>	Board of Directors have the appropriate and required qualifications and experience at any time.		
	The composition and diversity of the Board of Directors and the special skills of each member of the Board of Directors are accounted for in the Company's Annual Report.		
	YES		
<b>3.1.2.</b> The Committee recommends that the board of directors on an annual basis discusses the company's activities in order to ensure relevant diversity at the different management levels of the company and adopts a diversity policy, which is included in the management commentary and/or available on the company's website.	The Board of Directors has adopted a policy on diversity and inclusion which is available on the Company's website.  The Board of Directors annually discusses the qualifications, composition and competences of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board, and the Company's activities to increase diversity, including the gender balance in the Company's different management levels.		
<b>3.1.3. The committee recommends</b> that candidates for the board of directors are recruited based on a thorough process approved by the board of directors. The Committee recommends that in assessing candidates for the board of directors — in addition to individual competencies and qualifications — the need for continuity, renewal and diversity is also considered.	YES  The Board of Directors recruits candidates for the Board of Directors based on a thorough process. In that connection the Board considers the need for continuity, the integration of new talent and the need for diversity. The Board has established a Nomination Committee which conducts the recruitment process and oversees the composition of the Board.		
<b>3.1.4. The Committee recommends</b> that the notice convening general meetings, where election of members to the board of	YES		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains</u> <sup>1</sup>	
		why	how
directors is on the agenda - in addition to the statutory items - also includes a description of the proposed candidates'  • qualifications, • other managerial duties in commercial undertakings, including board committees, • demanding organisational assignments and • independence.	The notice of the Annual General Meeting where members of the Board of Directors are elected includes a description of the candidates' professional background and qualifications, information on any other executive functions and demanding organizational tasks, as well as information on whether the candidates for the Board of Directors are considered independent.		
<b>3.1.5. The Committee recommends</b> that members to the board of directors elected by the general meeting stand for election every year at the annual general meeting, and that the members are nominated and elected individually.	YES  The Company's Articles of Association provide that the members of the Board of Directors elected by the General Meeting are up for election every year. Members are nominated and elected individually.		
3.2. The board of director's independence			
<ul> <li>3.2.1. The Committee recommends that at least half of the members of the board of directors elected in general meeting are independent in order for the board of directors to be able to act independently avoiding conflicts of interests.</li> <li>In order to be independent, the member in question may not: <ul> <li>be or within the past five years have been a member of the executive management or an executive employee in the company, a subsidiary or a group company,</li> <li>within the past five years have received large emoluments from the company/group, a subsidiary or a group company in another capacity than as member of the board of directors,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	YES  With one exception, all members of the Board of Directors elected by the shareholders are considered independent. Information about the individual members' independence is disclosed in the notice for the Annual General Meeting, in the Annual Report and on the Company's website.		

Recommendation	The company complies	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
<ul> <li>represent or be associated with a controlling shareholder,</li> <li>within the past year have had a business relationship (e.g. personally or indirectly as a partner or an employee, shareholder, customer, supplier or member of a governing body in companies with similar relations) with the company, a subsidiary or a group company, which is significant for the company and/or the business relationship,</li> <li>be or within the past three years have been employed with or a partner in the same company as the company's auditor elected in general meeting,</li> <li>be a CEO in a company with cross-memberships in the company's management,</li> <li>have been a member of the board of directors for more than twelve years, or</li> <li>be closely related to persons, who are not independent, cf. the above-stated criteria.</li> <li>Even if a member of the board of directors may for other reasons decide that the member in question is not independent.</li> </ul>			
<b>3.2.2.</b> The Committee recommends that members of the executive management are not members of the board of directors and that members retiring from the executive management do not join the board of directors immediately thereafter.	YES  No member of the Executive Management is also a member of the Board of Directors, and none of the Board members are former executive of the Company.		
3.3. Members of the board of directors and the number of other	managerial duties		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
<b>3.3.1. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors and each of the members on the board of directors, in connection with the annual evaluation, cf. recommendation 3.5.1., assesses how much time is required to perform the board duties. The aim is for the individual member of the board of directors not to take on more managerial duties than the board member in question is able to perform in a satisfactory manner.	YES  All members of the Board of Directors are expected to ensure that they are able to allocate the required time to the work of the Board and its committees and not take on more functions than they can perform their duty as a board member in a manner that is satisfactory. The Board of Directors, in connection with its annual evaluation, assesses if the Board members are able to perform their duties in a satisfactory manner.		
<ul> <li>3.3.2. The Committee recommends that the management commentary, in addition to the statutory requirements, contains the following information on the individual members of the board of directors: <ul> <li>position, age and gender,</li> <li>competencies and qualifications relevant to the company,</li> <li>independence,</li> <li>year of joining the board of directors,</li> <li>year of expiry of the current election period,</li> <li>participation in meetings of the board of directors and committee meetings,</li> <li>managerial duties in other commercial undertakings, including board committees, and demanding organisational assignments, and</li> <li>the number of shares, options, warrants, etc. that the member holds in the company and its group companies and any changes in such holdings during the financial year.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	YES  STG's Annual Report contains information on each Board member's management functions with other Danish and foreign entities etc. as well information on participation in meetings of the Board of Directors and the Board committees. The Annual Report and the Remuneration Report also include information on their holding of shares in the Company.		

Recommendation	mendation The company <u>complies</u>	The company o	explains <sup>1</sup>
		why	how
3.4. Board committees			
	<u>YES</u>		
<ul> <li>3.4.1. The Committee recommends that the management describes in the management commentary:</li> <li>the board committees' most significant activities and number of meetings in the past year, and</li> <li>the members on the individual board committees, including the chairperson and the independence of the members of the committee in question.</li> <li>In addition, it is recommended that the board committees' terms of reference are published on the company's website.</li> </ul>	The most important activities of the three Board committees and the number of meetings held by each committee during the financial year as well as the respective committee members, including the chairmen and the independence of the committee members are described in section A of this document. The terms of reference for the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee are included in the Rules of Procedure for each of the committees which are available on the Company's website.		
<b>3.4.2. The Committee recommends</b> that board committees solely consist of members of the board of directors and that the majority of the members of the board committees are independent.	YES  The three board committees solely consist of members of the Board of Directors. All three Board committees have a majority of independent members.		
<b>3.4.3. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors establishes an audit committee and appoints a chairperson of the audit committee, who is not the chairperson of the board of directors. The Committee recommends that the audit committee, in addition to its statutory duties, assists the board of directors in:	YES  The Board of Directors has established an Audit Committee. The Chairman of the Board is not the Chairman of the Audit Committee.  The responsibilities and tasks of the Audit Committee are laid down in its Rules of Procedure, which are available on the Company's website. The Audit		

Recommendation	The company complies	The company <u>e</u>	explains <sup>1</sup>
		why	how
<ul> <li>supervising the correctness of the published financial information, including accounting practices in significant areas, significant accounting estimates and related party transactions,</li> <li>reviewing internal control and risk areas in order to ensure management of significant risks, including in relation to the announced financial outlook,</li> <li>assessing the need for internal audit,</li> <li>performing the evaluation of the auditor elected by the general meeting,</li> <li>reviewing the auditor fee for the auditor elected by the general meeting,</li> <li>supervising the scope of the non-audit services performed by the auditor elected by the general meeting, and</li> <li>ensuring regular interaction between the auditor elected by the general meeting and the board of directors, for instance, that the board of directors and the audit committee at least once a year meet with the auditor without the executive management being present.</li> <li>If the board of directors, based on a recommendation from the audit committee, decides to set up an internal audit function, the audit committee must:</li> <li>prepare terms of reference and recommendations on the nomination, employment and dismissal of the head of the internal audit function and on the budget for the department,</li> <li>ensure that the internal audit function has sufficient resources and competencies to perform its role, and</li> </ul>	Committee supervises the Company's financial and sustainability reporting as well as risk management. This includes the monitoring of and reporting on the Company's accounting principles, important accounting estimates and related parties transactions as well as the review of internal control and risk areas, including in relation to the outlook for the current year, all in accordance with the recommendations.  The Audit Committee annually assesses the need for establishing an internal audit function. Considering the size of the Company and the expected business risk as well as the existing control set-up, the Board of Directors, based on a recommendation from the Audit Committee, at present does not see the need to establish an internal audit function.		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
<ul> <li>supervise the executive management's follow-up on the conclusions and recommendations of the internal audit function.</li> </ul>			
<b>3.4.4. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors			
establishes a nomination committee to perform at least the			
following preparatory tasks:			
<ul> <li>describing the required qualifications for a given member of the board of directors and the executive management, the estimated time required for performing the duties of this member of the board of directors and the competencies, knowledge and experience that is or should be represented in the two management bodies,</li> <li>on an annual basis evaluating the board of directors and the executive management's structure, size, composition and results and preparing recommendations for the board of directors for any changes,</li> <li>in cooperation with the chairperson handling the annual evaluation of the board of directors and assessing the individual management members' competencies, knowledge, experience and succession as well as reporting on it to the board of directors,</li> <li>handling the recruitment of new members to the board of directors and the executive management and nominating candidates for the board of directors' approval,</li> <li>ensuring that a succession plan for the executive management is in place,</li> </ul>	YES  The Board of Directors has established a Nomination Committee. The responsibilities of the Nomination Committee as set out in the Committee's Rules of Procedure are in line with the recommendations.		

Recommendation	The company complies	The company o	explains <sup>1</sup>	
		why	how	
<ul> <li>supervising executive managements' policy for the engagement of executive employees, and</li> <li>supervising the preparation of a diversity policy for the board of directors' approval.</li> </ul>				
<b>3.4.5. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors establishes a remuneration committee to perform at least the following preparatory tasks:				
<ul> <li>preparing a draft remuneration policy for the board of directors' approval prior to the presentation at the general meeting,</li> <li>providing a proposal to the board of directors on the remuneration of the members of the executive management,</li> <li>providing a proposal to the board of directors on the remuneration of the board of directors prior to the presentation at the general meeting,</li> <li>ensuring that the management's actual remuneration complies with the company's remuneration policy and the evaluation of the individual member's performance, and</li> <li>assisting in the preparation of the annual remuneration report for the board of directors' approval prior to the presentation for the general meeting's advisory vote.</li> </ul>	YES  The Board of Directors has established a Remuneration Committee. The responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are set out in the Committee's Rules of Procedure in accordance with the recommendations.			
3.5. Evaluation of the board of directors and the executive management				
<b>3.5.1.</b> The Committee recommends that the board of directors once a year evaluates the board of directors and at least every three years engages external assistance in the evaluation. The Committee recommends that the evaluation focuses on the recommendations on the board of directors' work, efficiency,	<u>YES</u>			

Recommendation	The company complies	The company <u>e</u>	explains <sup>1</sup>
		why	how
composition and organisation, cf. recommendations 3.13.4. above, and that the evaluation as a minimum always includes the following topics:	The Board of Directors conducts an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors in accordance with the recommendations.		
<ul> <li>the composition of the board of directors with focus on competencies and diversity</li> <li>the board of directors and the individual member's contribution and results,</li> <li>the cooperation on the board of directors and between the board of directors and the executive management,</li> <li>the chairperson's leadership of the board of directors,</li> <li>the committee structure and the work in the committees,</li> <li>the organisation of the work of the board of directors and the quality of the material provided to the board of directors, and</li> <li>the board members' preparation for and active participation in the meetings of the board of directors.</li> </ul>			
participation in the meetings of the board of directors.	YES YES		
<b>3.5.2. The Committee recommends</b> that the entire board of directors discusses the result of the evaluation of the board of directors and that the procedure for the evaluation and the general conclusions of the evaluation are described in the management commentary, on the company's website and at the company's general meeting.	The Board of Directors discusses the results of the annual evaluation of the Board of Directors. The process and results of the evaluation are described in the management commentary of the Annual Report, on the Company's website and presented by the Chairman at the Annual General Meeting.		
<b>3.5.3. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors at least once a year evaluates the work and results of the executive management according to pre-established criteria, and that the chairperson reviews the evaluation together with the executive management. In addition, the board of directors	YES  The Board of Directors regularly evaluates the work and performance of the Executive Management according to pre-defined criteria. The Board also		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
should on a continuous basis assess the need for changes in the structure and composition of the executive management, including in respect of diversity, succession planning and risks, in light of the company's strategy.	assesses the need for any changes to the structure and composition of the Executive Management, taking into account diversity, succession planning and risks, in the light of the Company's strategy. The Chairman reviews the evaluation with the Executive Management.		
4. Remuneration of management			
4.1. Remuneration of the board of directors and the executive n	nanagement		
<b>4.1.1. The Committee recommends</b> that the remuneration for the board of directors and the executive management and the other terms of employment/service are considered competitive and consistent with the company's long-term shareholder interests.	YES  The Board of Directors considers the remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management, as well as other terms of employment, are both competitive and compatible with the long-term interests of the Company's shareholders. The general principles for the renumeration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management are laid down in the Renumeration Policy. The Renumeration Policy and the 2023 Renumeration Report are published on the Company's website.		
<b>4.1.2. The Committee recommends</b> that share-based incentive schemes are revolving, i.e. that they are periodically granted, and that they primarily consist of long-term schemes with a vesting or maturity period of at least three years.	YES  A share-based long-term incentive programme is in place for the members of the Executive Management, where performance share units are granted annually with a three year performance period.		
<b>4.1.3. The Committee recommends</b> that the variable part of the remuneration has a cap at the time of grant, and that there is	YES  The variable part of the remuneration has a cap at the time of grant and the transparency is given to the		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
transparency in respect of the potential value at the time of exercise under pessimistic, expected and optimistic scenarios.	Board of Directors in accordance with the recommendations. Details are available in the Company's 2023 Remuneration Report.		
<b>4.1.4. The Committee recommends</b> that the overall value of the remuneration for the notice period, including severance payment, in connection with a member of the executive management's departure, does not exceed two years' remuneration including all remuneration elements.	YES  Pursuant to the Remuneration Policy termination payments for members of the Executive Management shall not exceed an amount corresponding to 24 months' renumeration.		
<b>4.1.5. The Committee recommends</b> that members of the board of directors are not remunerated with share options and warrants.	YES  The renumeration of the members of the Board of directors does not include share options or warrants.		
<b>4.1.6. The Committee recommends</b> that the company has the option to reclaim, in whole or in part, variable remuneration from the board of directors and the executive management if the remuneration granted, earned or paid was based on information, which subsequently proves to be incorrect, or if the recipient acted in bad faith in respect of other matters, which implied payment of a too large variable remuneration.	YES  The Company can demand repayment of remuneration in full or in part it was paid on the basis of information that later proves to be incorrect and if the recipient acted in bad faith in respect of other matters, which implied payment of a too large variable remuneration. The right to claw back is included in the Company's Remuneration Policy available at its website.		
5. Risk management 5.1. Identification of risks and openness in respect of additional information			
<b>5.1.1. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors based on the company's strategy and business model considers, for instance, the most significant strategic, business, accounting	YES		

Recommendation	The company <u>complies</u>	The company <u>explains<sup>1</sup></u>	
		why	how
and liquidity risks. The company should in the management commentary give an account of these risks and the company's risk management.	The Board of Directors considers the main risks based on the Company's strategy and business model and accounts for such risks in the management commentary in the Annual Report.		
<b>5.1.2. The Committee recommends</b> that the board of directors establishes a whistleblower scheme, giving the employees and other stakeholders the opportunity to report serious violations or suspicion thereof in an expedient and confidential manner, and that a procedure is in place for handling such whistleblower cases.	YES  The Company has established a whistleblower scheme to enable employees and other stakeholders to report possible or suspected wrongdoing. A process is in place to ensure that reported matters are dealt with promptly and confidentially. The Audit Committee has the overall responsibility for the whistleblower scheme.		

# C. Internal Control and Risk Management Systems related to the Financial Reporting Process

### **Overall Control Environment**

The overall responsibility for the Group's control environment rests with the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the internal control and risk management systems related to the financial reporting process. The Executive Management sees to the implementation and application of the appropriate control systems.

The foundation for the assurance and internal control systems related to the financial reporting is a set of policies and procedures in key areas including the Code of Conduct, Finance Manual, Internal Control Policy, Delegation of Authority Guidelines, etc. The policies and procedures apply to all subsidiaries within the Group.

The internal control and risk management systems are designed to mitigate rather than eliminate the risks identified in the financial reporting process. Internal controls related to the financial reporting process are established to prevent, detect, mitigate and correct material misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

### Risk Assessment

The risk assessment process in relation to the financial reporting process is assessed annually and approved by the Audit Committee. The purpose of the risk assessment is to identify the processes in the financial reporting which could contain significant misstatements. The risk assessment is carried out as a top-down approach and covers the most significant processes with high risk seen from a consolidated group perspective. Based on the risk assessment, we implement measures and controls to mitigate the identified risks in the relevant processes. The significant risk areas are line items that include significant accounting estimates such as goodwill, trademarks, deferred taxes and inventories.

### **Control Activities**

Scandinavian Tobacco Group has implemented formalised financial reporting processes for the budget process, quarterly forecasts and monthly reporting on actual performance. The accounting information reported by all Group companies is reviewed both by controllers with in-depth knowledge of the individual companies and by IFRS accounting specialists.

The entities in the Group are dependent on IT systems. Weaknesses in the system controls or IT environment are compensated for by manual controls in order to mitigate significant risk relating to the financial reporting. The Executive Management has established central functions for internal control and verification in order to ensure that relevant legislation and other financial reporting requirements are complied with.

#### Information and Communication

The Executive Management has established information and communication systems to ensure proper accounting and internal control compliance and has set up procedures that aim to ensure a consistent and structured approach to internal controls within the Group's subsidiaries, including access to internal policies, guidelines, etc. for all subsidiaries on the Company's intranet. The procedures ensure an ongoing dialogue with subsidiaries around the requirements and prioritizing of an effective internal control environment and the planned activities. The progress is regularly reported to Executive Management and the Audit Committee.

# Monitoring

The Audit Committee's monitoring covers the internal control environment which is monitored continuously. Monitoring of the internal control environment is covered by our internal control function's policy. Monitoring involves both formal and informal procedures used by the Executive Management and those who have ownership of the processes and includes monthly reviews of financial results compared with budgets/forecasts and plans.