

REMUNERATION POLICY

of SCANDINAVIAN TOBACCO GROUP A/S

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REMUNERATION POLICY

1. INTRODUCTION

The board of directors ("Board of Directors") of Scandinavian Tobacco Group A/S (the "Company") has developed this remuneration policy (the "Remuneration Policy") applicable to the Company's Board of Directors and Executive Management. It acts as a framework around which their contractual terms and compensation are set, reviewed and managed. For the purpose of this Remuneration Policy, "Executive Management" means the members of management of the Company registered with the Danish Business Authority (in Danish: Erhvervsstyrelsen).

The Remuneration Policy is prepared in accordance with sections 139 and 139a of the Danish Companies Act (in Danish: *Selskabsloven*) and the Recommendations on Corporate Governance issued by the Danish Committee on Corporate Governance (in Danish: *Komitéen for god Selskabsledelse*).

2. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

2.1 Overall objectives

The Company operates on a global scale in a highly competitive, niche industry sector – one which is undergoing rapid change through aspects such as new technology, regulation, societal attitudes and consumer behaviour. It is therefore critical that the Company can:

- attract and retain high calibre, experienced and qualified individuals to its Board of Directors and Executive Management
- incentivise Executive Management to deliver the Company's strategic ambitions, and do so in a way which creates sustained shareholder value
- reward Executive Management appropriately for achieving core short- and long-term business goals, and
- focus Executive Management on managing and growing the Company to ensure its continued sustainability, and in a way which aligns with shareholders' and stakeholders' interests.

This Remuneration Policy has been developed to enable the Company to achieve these objectives.

2.2 Alignment with strategy and shareholders' interests

The Board of Directors has designed the Remuneration Policy to align with the Company's strategy and suitably reflect shareholders' interests. It does this in several ways for the remuneration of the Executive Management:

• a significant proportion of the total remuneration package is variable, ensuring reward is linked to business performance



- the variable pay package includes longer-term strategic goals, promoting emphasis on sustainable growth
- incentive plan metrics are taken from the business plans agreed by the Board of Directors, and they are targeted in such a way as to discourage excessive risk taking or other behaviours which would not be in the Company's or shareholders' interests
- shares are used in the long-term incentive plan to give executives a stake in the business and, through share price development and capital returns, aligns their interests with those of shareholders, which is further strengthened through the requirement of executives to hold shares at a specified salary percentage
- a clawback provision ensures that remuneration can be recouped under specific circumstances.

2.3 Governance and conflicts of interests

The remuneration of the Board of Directors and Executive Management is overseen by the Remuneration Committee (the "Committee"), which is a committee of the Board of Directors. It discharges its responsibilities to shareholders in accordance with its terms of reference, which are available on the Company's website www.st-group.com. In carrying out its duties and making proposals to the Board of Directors, the Remuneration Committee will take account of statutory requirements, prevailing corporate governance standards, best practice and the feedback from shareholders and other relevant third parties.

Measures are in place to avoid conflicts of interest from occurring. No member of the Executive Management will be present during a Committee meeting when his or her own personal remuneration is being discussed. External impartial third parties are used when appropriate. The Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors use remuneration advisers that are not the same as those that are used by Executive Management concerning their own remuneration.

The Remuneration Policy and the remuneration of the Board of Directors are approved by shareholders at the General Meeting. The remuneration of the Executive Management is approved by the Board of Directors based on proposals from the Remuneration Committee and is disclosed in the Company's annual remuneration report.

2.4 Deviations and temporary exceptions

The Board of Directors may in extraordinary circumstances to safeguard the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders, including for recruitment or retention purposes, decide to deviate from the Remuneration Policy and award a one-off bonus or other extraordinary incentive-based remuneration. Such awards may consist of cash or share-based remuneration. Any such deviations from the Remuneration Policy must be decided by the Board of Directors based on a recommendation from the Remuneration Committee.

In order to safeguard the Company's interests, the Board of Directors may in individual extraordinary cases, and based on a recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, determine that it is appropriate to make a temporary exception to clause 4.5 (that PSUs are converted into shares) and clause 4.9, last sentence (the 100% maximum). The exceptions could be for reasons of unforeseen company or individual circumstances and would only be made if it is considered necessary and in the interests of shareholders.



Should making such a deviation or exception be necessary, the Board of Directors is obliged to explain the reasons behind the deviation/exception at the Company's next General Meeting and include a description thereof in the remuneration report presented at that General Meeting.

2.5 Directors' and Officers' (D&O) liability insurances and indemnity scheme

In order to attract and retain qualified members of the Company's Board of Directors and Executive Management and otherwise to advance and safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders, it is the Company's policy to take out customary D&O liability insurances covering each member of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management. In addition, the Company may, subject to applicable laws and on such terms and conditions as shall be decided by the Board of Directors acting in accordance with applicable laws and Article 13 of the Company's Articles of Association, agree to indemnify and hold harmless any member of the Board of Directors and Executive Management from and against any claims raised by any third party arising out of such director's or officer's discharge of his/her duties as a member of the Board of Directors or the Executive Management, provided, however, that such indemnity shall not apply if the claim is caused by such director's or officer's fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence or such director or officer having acted disloyally towards the Company. Any indemnification offered under the indemnity scheme will be (i) made only for the benefit of the relevant directors and officers (including his/her death estate and compulsory heirs, but no other persons) and (ii) secondary to the D&O liability insurances taken out by the Company and any other insurances that covers the claim(s). The Board of Directors is authorized to implement, manage, and administer the indemnification scheme.

3. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1 Appointment term and notice period

Members of the Board of Directors are elected for one year at a time by the General Meeting. Employeeelected members of the Board of Directors are elected for a four-year term.

3.2 Fees

Members of the Board of Directors receive a fixed annual base fee, which is paid to them in cash. Ordinary Board members receive a fixed amount, while the Chairman and the Vice-chairman receive multiples thereof. To reflect the additional time commitment and responsibility of chairing or attending a Board committee, fixed annual fees are additionally paid to Board members who undertake such supplementary duties.

If the Board of Directors instructs a Board member to perform specific ad hoc tasks beyond the Board member's ordinary duties, or if there is a temporary increase in the time required to carry out their normal duties, such Board member may receive separate supplementary fixed remuneration in this regard. Such remuneration shall be subject to the prior or subsequent approval by the General Meeting and shall be reported in the Remuneration Report.

The Company does not provide any incentive-based remuneration nor retention or termination benefits, or retirement benefits for appointments to its Board of Directors. Employee-elected members of the Board of Directors may receive such remuneration and benefits in connection with their employment within the wider Company.



The Company may pay and cover social security charges and similar taxes imposed by foreign authorities in relation to Board members' fees.

3.3 Review process

The remuneration of the Board of Directors is assessed annually. The amounts and structure of their fees are benchmarked against other relevant international companies of similar size and complexity, taking into account the industry sector and the location of the Company's head office. The review process also takes into consideration prevailing governance practice, the roles' scope, time commitments and the expertise required of the Board members. Fee recommendations are referred to the Board of Directors. The final proposal is approved by the General Meeting for the current financial year.

3.4 Expenses

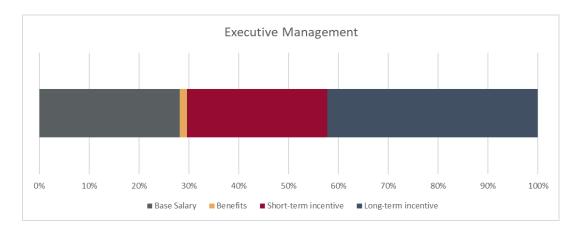
Expenses incurred by members of the Board of Directors in performing their duties, such as travel, subsistence and accommodation, will be reimbursed by the Company. Expenses relating to any training that Board members receive would also be reimbursed.

4. EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

4.1 Principal terms

The remuneration package consists of a fixed annual base salary, benefits, a short-term incentive and a long-term incentive; the relative proportions of these components are noted in the table below. The combination of these various components aims to create a balanced package – one which reflects the performance of both the Company and the individual executive, as well as the roles' respective scope. The remuneration components are each set at a level to be market competitive and, in the case of incentives, also competitive against different performance scenarios. The relative size of the various components of the remuneration package could vary, but the balance will remain weighted towards variable pay.

Table to show the configuration of the Executive Management's total remuneration package, at maximum



Notes to the table:



- 1. Benefits are noted in accordance with the broad limit specified in section 4.3 below.
- 2. Incentives reflect the overall maximum opportunities as specified in sections 4.4 and 4.5 below, excluding share price development and dividends, and assume that the plans' performance KPIs are achieved in full.

4.2 Annual base salary and pension

As is common in Denmark for executive positions, the base salary is usually inclusive of company-provided pension allowance, but alternatively the executive may be enrolled in a company pension scheme or receive a separate allowance.

Salaries are usually reviewed annually but it is at the discretion of the Board of Directors whether any increase is applied. Salaries may be adjusted outside of the normal review cycle in exceptional circumstances, for example, to reflect any material change in role, responsibility, person capability or company context such as a significant acquisition.

Salaries are set at a level to attract and retain individuals who have the necessary skills, experience, attributes and qualifications to successfully lead the business. When determining a salary or reviewing it, the Remuneration Committee will consider a number of dimensions including the role's scope, the individual's experience and expertise, the Company's operating conditions, Company performance, external economic indicators and relevant market benchmark assessments. Individual performance is also taken into account, as is information on the broader salary review budgets used elsewhere in the organisation. Market data will be carefully selected using industry peer groups and companies of a similar size, scale and complexity both inside and outside the Nordics. The impact of pay decisions on other elements of the remuneration package is additionally evaluated.

4.3 Benefits and expenses

In line with local market practice, members of the Executive Management may receive a range of employment benefits, including but not limited to paid annual leave, company car or transportation allowance, telephony, internet access, health and related insurances, training and education etc. as approved by the Board of Directors. Where relevant, members of the Executive Management may also receive relocation-related benefits, including relocation costs and allowances for housing or school tuition fees.

The value of the employment benefits represents only a small part of the total remuneration of the individual members of the Executive Management, typically no more than 5% of their annual base salary.

Expenses incurred by Executive Management related to business travel, conferences, education and similar are reimbursed in line with the Company's relevant policies.

4.4 Short-term incentive

The short-term incentive arrangement ("**Bonus Plan**") gives focus to the Company's annual priorities and is intended to contribute to the execution of strategy.

Bonus payments can be up to 100% of annual base salary.



The amount of bonus payable is based on performance against key performance indicators ("**KPIs**") which are targeted against the financial year in question. These KPIs are defined annually by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee and can be both financial and non-financial in nature. In determining the performance criteria, the Board of Directors takes into consideration the strategic and operational business plans, in addition to the longer-term sustainability of the Company. The Remuneration Committee will evaluate not only performance against each KPI, but also how the KPIs have been achieved, referencing the Company's values, leadership principles and ethical standards.

Financial performance will typically focus on areas such as profit, cashflow, return on investment and elements of the balance sheet. Non-financial performance can be aligned to specific business objectives such as organisational transformation, or metrics connected to, for example, employee engagement, market share or sustainability matters. The KPIs are generally targeted against the performance of the Company and the individual, but they could also relate to the performance of a business division or a specific event, such as an acquisition or disposal. The KPIs can form part of a performance scorecard which is cascaded through the Company to lower management levels. Financial performance will typically account for the larger proportion of the Bonus Plan in years when non-financial KPIs are used.

The KPIs will be targeted against a threshold, on-target and maximum level of performance. If performance is not reached at a threshold level, no awards will be paid out under the Bonus Plan. No additional remuneration is awarded under the Bonus Plan, if the maximum target is exceeded. The specific targets are intended to promote achievement of the operating plan, with stretch targets aligned to out-performance.

The Board of Directors may (acting fairly and reasonably) waive or adjust a KPI target if the target has become obsolete or not appropriate due to events which could not be taken into account when the target was set, such as strategy changes, acquisitions/ divestments etc. The Board of Directors reserves the right to adjust the calculated result of the Bonus Plan in exceptional circumstances, if the calculated result does not reflect the underlying performance. Awards arising from the Bonus Plan are paid out in cash after adoption of the annual report by the shareholders at the General Meeting.

If an executive joins the Company or is promoted to the Executive Management or leaves the Executive Management or the Company during the financial year, any bonus award that might be due would be calculated on a pro-rata basis for time served in the role (counting active service only).

4.5 Long-term incentive

The long-term incentive scheme links the reward of Executive Management with the performance of the organization on a long-term horizon, taking into consideration the Company's long-term sustainability. It is also designed to strengthen the executives' retention through the issue of rolling annual grants which are performance based. Shares in the Company are awarded, which aims to ensure a high degree of alignment of the Executive Managements' interests with those of shareholders.

Under the long-term incentive scheme, members of the Executive Management receive an annual grant of Performance Share Units ("**PSUs**"). The size of the Executive Management's PSU grant is based on a percentage of their current annual base salary divided by the market price of a share of the Company at the time of grant. No payment is due for the grant of a PSU award.



The value of PSUs granted to an executive at the time of the grant will not exceed 150% of the annual base salary then applicable, even assuming a maximum level of performance under the scheme.

If the Company distributes dividends to its shareholders during the performance period, members of the Executive Management will receive additional PSUs equivalent to the dividend that corresponds to the number of PSUs granted to the executive. This approach further aligns Executive Management's interests with that of the shareholders. With approval from the Board of Directors, the size of a PSU grant can be adjusted proportionately during the performance period to reflect changes in the Company's capital structure.

The vesting of shares under the PSUs is subject to the fulfilment in part or in full of one or more KPIs linked to the Company's performance, as defined by the Board of Directors upon a recommendation from the Remuneration Committee.

The KPIs are usually measured over three financial years and are targeted to promote stretching yet achievable levels of performance. The KPIs are generally financial in nature but could also include market or strategic measures and assessed on an absolute or relative basis. If performance is not reached at a threshold level, no shares will vest and no compensation in lieu of them will be provided if this occurs. No additional remuneration is made if the maximum target is exceeded. The Remuneration Committee may recommend to the Board of Directors that the performance period is increased or that a holding period is applied to any vested shares such that the total time of each grant cycle is up to five years in duration.

The Board of Directors may (acting fairly and reasonably) waive or adjust a KPI target, if the target has become obsolete or not appropriate due to events which could not be taken into account when the target was set, such as strategy changes, acquisitions/divestments etc. The Board of Directors reserves the right to adjust the calculated result of the long-term incentive scheme in exceptional circumstances, if the calculated result does not reflect the underlying performance.

Newly-recruited members of the Executive Management will, in their first year of employment, receive a grant of PSUs, which can be adjusted to reflect when the employment began within the performance period.

If the executive terminates the employment, and the termination is not caused by the Company's material breach, or if the Company terminates the employment with or without notice due to the executive's gross misconduct, any granted PSUs will lapse from the date of the notice.

Executives who are under notice are excluded from receiving a grant of PSUs unless to do so would breach local employment law.

If the Company terminates the executive's employment subject to his or her notice period for other reasons than misconduct on the part of the executive, or if the employment terminates at a point in time at which the executive is entitled to old-age pension, the PSUs shall continue on unchanged terms as if the employment had continued, but pro-rated to the period of active service. In the event that the executive dies during the term of employment, his/her estate/beneficiaries shall have the right to succeed in the PSUs. Performance will normally be measured at the usual time. The Remuneration Committee will exercise judgement in the case of other leaving reasons.

In the event of a change in control over the Company, the Board of Directors may decide to allocate shares corresponding to some or all of the PSUs that have been granted, having regard to performance against the KPIs.



Upon completion of a change in control, any remaining PSUs shall terminate without notice and without compensation. Alternatively, the Board of Directors may determine to roll over any unvested PSUs into a new plan.

4.6 Clawback / adjustment of remuneration

In the event incentive remuneration has been provided to a member of the Executive Management based on data or accounts that were materially and manifestly misstated or due to material misconduct, a mis-calculation or other error, the Company shall have the right to reclaim/claw-back remuneration that was awarded based partly or wholly on such information. The right to reclaim/claw-back remuneration shall also apply in case of bad faith on the part of a member of the Executive Management in respect of other matters which implied payment of a too large variable remuneration. In addition to the clawing back of remuneration, the Board of Directors also has the right to make proportionate adjustments by offsetting other remuneration including salary, bonuses yet to be paid and unvested PSU grants.

The recoupment or offsetting of remuneration that is paid and/or vested is subject to the application of any applicable legislation and contractual terms that are in place governing awards made prior to the adoption of this Remuneration Policy.

4.7 Share ownership

Members of the Executive Management are required to build a holding of shares in the Company, subject to terms determined by the Board of Directors. The shareholding levels are noted below:

- CEO: 100% of annual base salary
- other members of the Executive Management: 50% of annual base salary

The holding is accumulated over a period and, once the level has been reached, it must be maintained until the executive leaves the Company. PSUs do not count towards the holding. During the accumulation period, shares may be sold to cover tax and any other statutory liabilities associated with their acquisition, and for other circumstances as may be determined by the Remuneration Committee.

4.8 Notice periods, termination and severance

Employment agreements with members of the Executive Management are normally ongoing (i.e. without a fixed term) and the notice period on the part of the Company for the members of Executive Management can be up to 24 months. The Board of Directors will have regard to relevant corporate governance practice and may incorporate shorter notice periods for new appointments. The notice period on the part of the individual members of the Executive Management shall be at least six months.

The Board of Directors envisages that only in exceptional circumstances would change of control benefits (e.g. prolonged termination notice or right to terminate the employment with rights as if terminated by the company) be provided in the future to new members of the Executive Management. Full disclosure of such terms would be given to shareholders in the remuneration report, as is the case for the current members of the Executive Management.

The aggregate severance pay, if any, during the notice period, including salary during the notice period (but excluding any incentive programs granted prior to termination and any potential compensation for a non-competition clause) cannot exceed an amount corresponding to 24 months of total remuneration. The Board of



Directors may determine that the severance pay is remitted on a phased monthly basis and that mitigation applies, i.e. to offset, if other remunerative work is initiated prior to the expiry of the notice period.

In order to protect the Company's interests, members of the Executive Management are normally subject to a non-competition restriction covering the tobacco industry sector of up to 24 months without compensation. The Board of Directors can waive or amend the terms of the restricted covenant, including potential payment of compensation, but will not lengthen the duration of it.

4.9 Exceptional recruitment remuneration

The Board of Directors may award newly-appointed members of the Executive Management an extra-ordinary one-off cash and/or share-based award in connection with their recruitment, which could be with or without performance conditions attached. This could be to compensate for items such as forfeited remuneration or costs associated with the executive leaving an appointment to join the Company. As a point of principle, any exceptional remuneration would be subject to ongoing employment for a specified time period and only made where loss could be substantiated, or it was in shareholders' interests. An exceptional award may not exceed 100% of the Executive's annual maximum total remuneration.

4.10 Exceptional legacy remuneration

The Company's remuneration report contains full disclosure of the legacy compensatory payments to Mr Frederiksen in lieu of a contractual early retirement benefit.

5. RELATIONSHIP TO THE REMUNERATION PAID TO EMPLOYEES

In preparing the Remuneration Policy the Board of Directors considered the remuneration and employment terms of the Company's other employees. The Board of Directors is comfortable that there is an appropriate alignment of the principles on how pay and other package elements are set and reviewed for executives with those of the wider organisation. This is particularly so when taking into consideration market practice for comparable listed companies as well as the roles, overall responsibility, duties and qualifications of the individual members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management compared to the Company's other employees.

The short-term incentive program offered to the Executive Management and that offered to a wider group of key employees are aligned in terms of the areas they measure and how performance is assessed. The long-term incentive programme is specific to the Executive Management and a senior leadership team and is consistent across the participating group in terms of its KPIs and structure. The Executive Management's notice periods are longer than those that apply to other employees in the Company. The Board considers the terms appropriate in light of prevailing market practice.

6. ADOPTION, PUBLICATION, REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF THE REMUNERATION POLICY

The Remuneration Policy has been approved by the shareholders of the Company at the annual General Meeting held on 4 April 2024. The Remuneration Policy is applicable to incentive programs with respect to the financial year 2024 and subsequent financial years.



The Remuneration Policy is available on the Company's website (<u>www.st-group.com</u>) where its date of adoption also appears.

The Remuneration Policy will be reviewed by the Remuneration Committee on an annual basis. All changes to the Company's Remuneration Policy must be adopted by the Board of Directors. Material changes must be approved by the Company's shareholders at a General Meeting. The Remuneration Policy must be approved by the General Meeting at least once every four years.

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